Aligning immunogenicity evaluation with the Regulator's needs for an integrated data analysis

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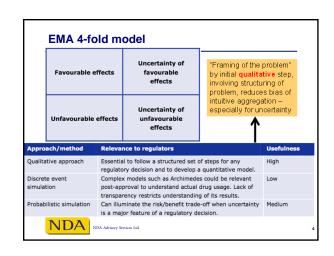
EIP Congress, Copenhagen, 8 February 2012

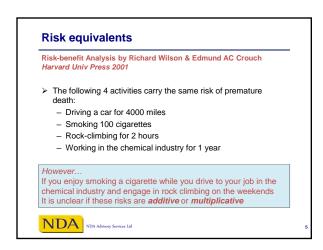


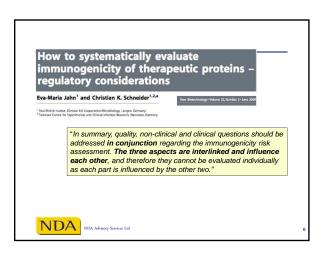
CHMP benefit-risk assessment Structured and mainly qualitative approach: 1. Identify main evidence and uncertainties Primary requirement = convincing efficacy Negative effects considered in terms of probability and severity 2. Compare the benefits vs. risks for the particular therapeutic setting Immunogenicity-related risks (identified or uncertain) may be more influential if efficacy is equivocal Evolution of risk-benefit balance with time?

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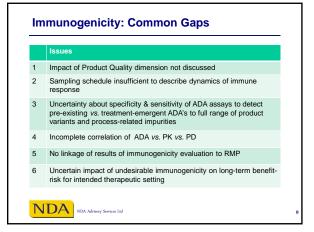




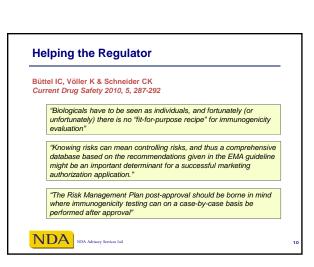




Priorities for Immunogenicity Review Question 1 Has Applicant identified all pertinent risks? 2 Have studies been designed correctly to enable a reliable estimate of clinical outcomes? 3 Do the monitoring methods have appropriate specificity and sensitivity? 4 Has the Applicant correlated the bioanalytical signals with the relevant clinical outpoints? 5 Is the proposed Risk Management Plan adequate? 6 Are there sufficient data to enable a reliable judgement on overall clinical benefit and risk for use in the intended population?



Procedural challenges Immunogenicity-related data typically distributed in different sections of dossier Step-wise procedure Initial review by 2 Member States CMC + Non-clinical + Clinical reviewers responsible for respective parts of dossier Difficult to integrate comments from different reviewers Time-scale is fixed Limited time for responding to questions Biologicals Working Party Members consulted secondarily



Provide context for "framing of the problem" Intrinsic immunogenic motifs B / T-cell epitopes Systems biology Structural and functional relationship to native proteins Extent of immune tolerance Abundance of natural inhibitors Redundancy of function of endogenous counterparts Functional impact of gene knock-out

